November 24th, 2014

**Introduction to the English Revolution**

**What is democracy?**

Democracy is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ system where the government is controlled by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who live under it.

This means that we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in order to choose who our leaders will be.

**The Slow Road**

Democracy and civil rights do not exist in all parts of the world and they have been earned with lots of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: The Magna Carta was signed. This was a huge landmark on the road to democracy.

The Magna Carta recognized individual \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, required a king to consult parliament and to rule lawfully.

**Parliament**

Parliament had been consulted in England since \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-Saxon times. (8th-11th Centuries)

Its role was to advise the king on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tended to accept this democratic tradition. Tudor was the last name of Henry VIII and his children (Mary, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and Edward).

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ did not. This is the key point of our introduction to the revolution. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ did not adhere to the these same democratic traditions. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ took over after the Tudors in 1603 when Elizabeth I died.

**The Regions of Great Britain**

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**The Regions of Great Britain continued**

Today Great Britain consists of England, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Wales (all on one island) and Northern \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

It is separated from continental \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the English Channel.

Great Britain has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kilometers of coastline. It is very much an island nation.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_land Britain (south and east) is fertile and low lying. It is good for agriculture.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_land Britain (north and west) is hilly and mountainous with the occasional pocket of fertile lowland.

Which area do you think is more heavily populated? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Would that make it more or less politically important? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**English Society**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: The English defeated the Spanish Armada, allowing English ships to travel all over.

English became a colonizer, establishing colonies all over the world and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ networks along with that.

What is the name of one place they established a colony? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

17th Century: English \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ grew. Business and agriculture grew too.

There were more and more opportunities for merchants, land owners and manufacturers to become \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

It was a good time for the upper class, but English society was becoming increasingly divided by deep differences between the classes.

**The Three Classes**

Upper: King, king’s advisors, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and high church officials (eg. Bishops)

Middle: Merchants, manufacturers, landowners, professionals, and military \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Lower: Thousands of ordinary workers, peasants, farmers, etc.

Middle class aspired to move up, and occasionally could. The lower class \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Upper and Middle Class Lives**

-Those in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and middle classes lived in nice country and town homes. They had expensive possessions, sometimes owning china from Asia and furniture from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Why were they able to have these things? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Workers with valuable skills like carpentry and blacksmiths could afford to live very comfortably and often belonged to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Lower Class Lives**

-Workers had long hours with minimal pay. Men could make \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pennies a day, and women even less.

-Families often lived cramped into one or two rooms.

-They lived in deep poverty but there were no chances for them to move up and change their circumstances.

-There were many unemployed people who could only get by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ such as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, etc.

**Food**

Lower Class: Bread and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, occasionally meat and cheese.

Wealthy: Lots and lots of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, strongly flavoured to hide its lack of freshness.

Fruit and vegetables weren’t popular but were usually eaten \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

They ate with spoons and knives as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were only becoming popular.

Trade brought pineapples, maize, potatoes, coffee, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and chocolate.

Men began to hang out in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ houses. They would drink coffee and smoke tobacco and gossip or talk politics.

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ skin hat became a popular new style.