**Social Studies 9: Jeopardy Review Session**

**Category One: Witchcraft**

200: What was one type of person who was vulnerable to prosecution as a witch?

-woman –on the outskirts of society –women who didn’t marry –social misfits –midwives –knew about medicine, or treating illnesses -etc

400: What did people believe that witches were?

-the personification of the devil

600: What was a common method of execution for someone who was proved to be a witch?

-hanging, burning at the stake, pressed to death

800: What was a common trial for determining whether someone was a witch?

-they were plunged under water with their thumbs tied to their toes until they drowned which proved they were innocent.

1000: What was the name of the Witch Finder General and what happened to him?

Matthew Hopkins, he was proved to be a fraud and executed.

**Category Two: Royalty**

200: Name one of Henry VIII’s wives

-Catherine of Aragorn, Anne Boleyn, Jane Seymour, Anne of Cleeves, Catherine Howard, Catherine Parr

400: What were the names of James I’s children?

-Henry, Elizabeth and Charles

600: Charles I lived an extravagant lifestyle and often refused to compromise with parliament. What was one way he got money?

-ship money, forced loans to crown, mortgaging royal properties, tunnage and poundage, selling noble titles, billeted soldiers with homeowners, raise cost of government services, secret court to fine enemies.

800: Name all three of Charles I’s advisors.

-Duke of Buckingham, Lord Strafford, Archbishop Laud

1000: Charles I, his father and eventually his sons all believed in something called the Divine Rights of Kings. What is the Divine Right of Kings?

 The doctrine that **kings** and queens have a God-given **right** to **rule** and that rebellion against them is a sin. This belief was common through the seventeenth century and was urged by such **kings** as Louis xiv of France.

**Category Three: Civil War**

200: Why was the Long Parliament called the Long Parliament?

-Because it sat for 13 years

400: Who led the New Model Army?

-Oliver Cromwell

600: What did they charge Charles I with and what happened to him?

-They charged him with treason and he was executed.

800: What was the definition of treason?

-An act of treason was trying to overthrow the king.

*1000: What were three things that were different about the Roundhead Army?*

*-highly disciplined, very religious and well equipped 🡪 Daily Double*

**Category Four: The Republic**

200: Oliver Cromwell was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of England.

-The Lord Protector.

400: What is a republic?

-A country without a king

600: How did England become a republic?

The Rump Parliament voted to get rid of the monarchy and the house of lords in order to become a republic.

800: Name three things that the Blue Laws banned?

-Sports, dance, Christmas, music, wine, gambling, etc.

1000: Was Oliver Cromwell a good leader? Give three points defending why or why not.

**Category Five: Restoration and Glorious Revolution**

200: Who did parliament invite to be king in 1660?

-Charles II

400: Why was it a problem that Charless II died without a legitimate child of his own?

-It meant the next closest relative would take over and that was Charles’s brother James II who was a Catholic.

600: What did Mary and William of Orange have to agree to sign in order to be queen and king?

-The Bill of Rights

800: What did Charles II do to punish those involved in Charles I’s execution?

-he had them hanged, drawn and quartered (and displayed the parts around as a warning) and also dug up the bodies of Cromwell and some roundheads and hung them too.

1000: What is the Glorious Revolution?

-When Parliament chose the king/queen rather than hereditary right when they invited James’s daughter Mary and her husband William of Orange to be queen and king and sort of forced James out of power.

**Final Jeopardy:**

What was the Test Act?

-It made the Church of England the supreme church in England and it banned Catholics from having high jobs/positions.